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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/774,325	07/12/2004	Andreas Finke	RDID01062CUS	RDID01062CUS 8527	
23690 75	590 02/07/2006		EXAMINER		
Roche Diagnostics Corporation			FOSTER, CH	FOSTER, CHRISTINE E	
9115 Hague Road PO Box 50457		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Indianapolis, IN 46250-0457			1641	<u> </u>	
			DATE MAILED: 02/07/200	DATE MAILED: 02/07/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/774,325	FINKE ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Christine Foster	1641	

	Christine Foster	1641					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 20 January 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ving replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o e with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mo	idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or to TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejecti E FIRST REPLY WAS F	on. ILED WITHIN				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig than three months after the mailing da	or the ree. The approprinally set in the final Offite of the final rejection,	ince extension ree ince action; or (2) as even if timely filed,				
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	o avoid dismissai of tr	ns of the date of ne appeal. Since				
AMENDMENTS 3. \(\overline{\overlin	but prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered b	ecause				
(a) They raise new issues that would require further co	nsideration and/or search (see NO ow);	TE below);					
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be	tter form for appeal by materially re		the issues for				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally re	jected claims.					
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.1	16 and 41.33(a)).	1: 4	(DTOL 224)				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	timely filed amendm	ent canceling the				
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s).							
 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: None. 	vided below or appended.	in be entered and an	oxpianation or				
Claim(s) objected to: <u>None</u> . Claim(s) rejected: 1-3 and 5.			•				
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good ar was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	nd sufficient reasons why the aπida	ivit or other evidence	is necessary and				
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessal	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under apports and was not earlier presented.	see 37 CFR 41.33(d)	(1).				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after	entry is below or attac	inea.				
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered b See Continuation Sheet.			ance because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	. (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper	No(s)	<u>l</u> e				
13. Other:		LONG V. I	F				
	:	SUPERVISORY PATEN TECHNOLOGY CEN	IT EXAMINER				
			HER COU				

02/03/06

Continuation Sheet (PTO-303)

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The amendment raises new issues that would require further consideration and/or search in that the amendment to claim 1 introduces the method step of adjusting the pH of the combination to between 10.5 and 12.5. The claim previously recited that the combination comprised a buffer within this pH range, but did not include an active method step in which the pH was adjusted to such a range.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: of the reasons set forth in the Office action mailed 11/21/05. Although the new limitation discussed above has not yet been searched or considered, Applicant's arguments with regard to the rejections of claims 1-3 and 5 under 35 USC 103 as being unpatentable over Vaynberg et al. are not persuasive to overcome the rejections. Specifically, Applicant argues that Vaynberg et al. does not motivate the skilled artisan to assess coatings at pH values higher than 10 (see Applicant's response at p. 6). As set forth in the Office action at pages 6-7, a prima facie case of obviousness exists where the claimed ranges and prior art ranges do not overlap but are close enough that one skilled in the art would have expected them to have the same properties. Although Vaynberg et al. teach that the maximum adsorption is around pH 6.2 as noted by Applicant, Vaynberg et al. repeatedly emphasize that pH differences were not critical and produced "little variation" in adsorption (see the previous Office action at p. 7). The Examiner therefore maintains that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ slightly higher pH values than those of Vaynberg et al. through routine optimization/experimentation with a reasonable expectation of success.